General Instructions:

- Total Questions in the Test are 100.
- Total Test Duration is 90 Minutes.
- You can submit your test whenever you have completed. However, if the test time elapses the system will automatically submit your test.
- Do not close any Window directly when you are taking the test.

Below is the list of section names and number of questions,

Section Name	Number of questions
Professional Knowledge	60
General Knowledge and Aptitude	40

NAVIGATIONAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- Select the best answer for each question. Then click "Next" button to move to the Next Question.
- Click on "Previous" button to move to the Previous Question.
- You can Bookmark any number of Questions by clicking on "Mark" button; vice versa you can remove the Bookmark.
- You can change your response for any question before submitting the test by marking the new response (Radio Button). You can clear your response for any question by using the "Clear" button to mark the Question unanswered.
- Every time you select an option or a particular question, following changes can be seen on screen

Attempted questions will be displayed in "GREEN" color,

Questions that are not attempted will be displayed in "WHITE" color,

Question that are attempted and bookmarked will be displayed in "BLUE" color with a tag.

Questions which are not attempted and bookmarked will be displayed in "ORANGE" color.

- After completion of your test, click "End Test" button to submit the test. Submit button will be visible ONLY in the "Last Question".
- Your "Test Summary" will be displayed once you clicked on "End Test".
- Keep a watch on the "Clock" on the Top Right Hand Corner of the Exam Window for Time Remaining.
- Click "Start Exam" button below to start the test.

Audiologist Cum Speech Therapist

Section 1 - Professional Knowledge

- 1) Presbycusis type of hearing loss is usually
- A) Sensorineural
- B) Conductive
- C) Mixed
- D) None
- 2) Sensorineural hearing loss is the
- A) Result of damage of senses
- B) Result of damage of facial nerve
- C) Result of damage of inner ear
- D) Result of damage of middle ear
- 3) In Otosclerosis, which type of hearing loss occurs
- A) Sensorineural
- B) Conductive
- C) Mixed
- D) All
- 4) Test used for unilateral deafness include
- A) Rinne's test
- B) Weber's test
- C) Both of these
- D) None of these
- 5) The greatest single cause of speech and language disability in the elderly is :
- A) Cancer
- B) Hearing impairment
- C) Degenerative diseases of the nervous system
- D) Cardio vascular disease

- 6) Vestibular function is related to
- A) Vesting of muscles
- B) Vesting of membrane
- C) Balancing
- D) Conductive deafness
- 7) The voice patient who reports his voice is better in the morning and gradually becomes worse throughout the day with voice use is typical of:
- A) Allergy
- B) Conversion aphonia
- C) Voice abuse and misuse
- D) Puberphonia
- 8) Cocktail party effect is called as
- A) Ability to listen only the sound of interest
- B) Party mood listeners
- C) Mixed variety of soft drinks
- D) A type of cocktail sound
- 9) Cross hearing is a possibility during pure tone air conduction test when
- A) SRTTE-35dB=BCNTE
- B) ABG > 10 dB
- C) ACTE-IA > BCNTE
- D) ACTE- BCNTE=ABG
- 10) The word-recognition score expected of a patient with a mild cochlear hearing loss is..... percent.
- A) 10
- B) 50
- C) 80
- D) 100

- 11) "Working memory" is another term for
- A) Sensory register
- B) Episodic memory
- C) Short-term memory
- D) Long-term memory
- 12) The following behavior(s) is a voice abuse that should be reduced or eliminated to improve most voice disorders
- A) Coughing or clearing the throat
- B) Yelling
- C) Speaking loudly
- D) All of the above
- 13) The bone condition pathway is the
- A) Outer ear, inner ear, auditory nerve, middle ear
- B) Outer ear, middle ear
- C) Outer ear, middle ear, inner ear, auditory nerve
- D) Inner ear, auditory nerve
- 14) What is the maximum permissible ambience noise levels when testing pure tone thresholds using conventional headphones is
- A) 16-33 db SPL
- B) 8-20 db SPL
- C) 6-16 db SPL
- D) 10-20 db SPL
- 15) Pure tone thresholds are plotted on a
- A) Pentogram
- B) Electrogram
- C) Audiogram
- D) Lithogram

- 16) Presbycusis is hearing loss associated with
- A) Aging
- B) Noise
- C) Bacterial infection
- D) Viral infection
- 17) During bone conductive testing, the low frequency sounds appear louder when the ear is covered because of
- A) Masking
- B) The occlusion effect
- C) The Rinne effect
- D) Cross hearing
- 18) The word "Audiology"
- A) Means the study of hearing
- B) Combines the Latin root, audire, with the Greek suggix, logos
- C) Often reported to roué been coined by the "father of Audiology", Dr Raymond carhart
- D) All of the above
- 19) The audiogram showing a conductive type of hearing loss will indicate
- A) Impaired tone conduction, normal air conduction
- B) Impaired air conduction, normal tone conduction
- C) Impaired tone conduction, impaired air conduction
- D) Normal bone conduction, normal air conduction
- 20) Method of objective measure of middle ear function is known as
- A) Tympanometry
- B) Pure tone audiometry
- C) Speech audiometry
- D) Tuning fork test

- 21) The most common types of voice problems in childhood are
- A) Dysarthrias
- B) Hyperfunctional behaviors
- C) Neuropathologies
- D) Psychological personality disturbances
- 22) Tympanometry is an objective measure of
- A) Middle year function
- B) External ear function
- C) Inner ear function
- D) None of these
- 23) What type of prosthetic, device is often used in cases of inadequate velar movement.
- A) Palatal lift
- B) Palatal plate
- C) Speech bult
- D) Feeding obturator
- 24) The human ear has audible frequency range of
- A) 20 to 25000 db
- B) 20 to 10000 db
- C) 20 to 15000 db
- D) 20 to 20000 db
- 25) What is the usual lesion site for Broca's aphasia?
- A) Temporal lobe
- B) Inferior frontal gyrus
- C) Supramarginal gyrus
- D) Angular gyrus
- 26) Adult middle ear ECV (Ear canal volume) ranges between
- A) 0.6 to 1.5 ml

- B) 0.8 to 1.2 ml
- C) 0.3 to 1.4 ml
- D) 0.6 to 1.6 ml
- 27) The auditory nerve is number
- A) V
- B) VI
- C) VII
- D) VIII
- 28) Conventional Pure tone audiometry consists of
- A) AC testing
- B) BC testing
- C) AC&BC testing both
- D) None of these
- 29) Cerumen is produced in the
- A) Entire external auditory canal
- B) Cartilaginous external auditory canal
- C) Osseous external auditory canal
- D) Temporomandibular joint
- 30) The quality of a sound is also called its
- A) Phase
- B) Pure tone
- C) Timbre
- D) Resonance
- 31) The carhart notch is usually associated with
- A) Otosclerosis
- B) Bacterial otitis media
- C) Serous effusion
- D) A blocked Eustachian tube
- 32) Tuning fork test include
- A) Weber

- B) Rinne
- C) Bing
- D) All of these
- 33) The number of turns of the cochlea is
- A) 2
- B) 2.5
- C) 3
- D) 3.5
- 34) Audiometry interpretation involves
- A) Type
- B) Magnitude
- C) Configuration
- D) all of these
- 35) Contraction of Stapedius Muscle is known as
- A) Acoustic reflex
- B) Ossicle discontinuity
- C) Scarred Tympanic Membrane
- D) None of these
- 36) Audiometric equipment should be calibrated
- A) Quarterly
- B) Monthly
- C) Yearly
- D) Not needed
- 37) ABR is a measurement of synchronous neural activity of
- A) Auditory nerve
- B) Facial Nerve
- C) Auricular Nerve
- D) All

- 38) Audiometric testing includes
- A) Pure tone testing
- B) ENG
- C) ABR
- D) None of these
- 39) Dysfluency is associated not only with stuttering but also with other communication disorders. Which of the following is most commonly considered a fluency disorder, after stuttering?
- A) Oral apraxia
- B) Aphasia
- C) Cluttering
- D) Dysarthria
- 40) In air-conduction audiometry, a loss of the pinna results in
- A) No measurable hearing loss
- B) Mild sensorineural hearing loss
- C) Mild conductive hearing loss
- D) Mild mixed hearing loss
- 41) Tuning fork test to identify unilateral hearing loss as conductive or sensorineural is
- A) Weber 's Test
- B) Rinne's Test
- C) Bing Test
- D) None
- 42) What is true about Caloric test
- A) It can be performed with perforated Tympanic Membrane
- B) It cannot differentiate between labrynthine and retrolabrynthine disease
- C) It assesses the middle ear at every frequency
- D) Bilateral caloric irrigation is the least common method of testing

- 43) What is basic sound processing of hearing aid
- A) Amplifier
- B) Receiver
- C) Microphone
- D) All
- 44) Parent training focuses on helping the parents learn to
- A) Teach their child to read
- B) Facilitate communication development in natural contexts
- C) Teach their child to speak
- D) Allow the professionals to be the teachers
- 45) Functional Hearing loss can be detected by
- A) Weber Test
- B) Stenger test
- C) Rinne Test
- D) BERA
- 46) Masking is
- A) Noise source placed in non test ear
- B) Put the mask over the ear
- C) Noise source covering
- D) Noise source placed in test ear
- 47) Children with language-based learning disabilities usually perform best on tasks involving
- A) Word retrieval
- B) Nonsense syllable spelling
- C) Semantic knowledge
- D) Visual memory

- 48) The least commonly utilized tuning fork test is
- A) Schwabach test
- B) Rinne's test
- C) Bing test
- D) Hallpike test
- 49) Positional Nystagmus is tested by
- A) Dix Score
- B) Dix Hallpike Maneuver
- C) Glanoi Method
- D) Caloric test
- 50) ECOG is mostly used in differential diagnosis of
- A) Encephalopathy
- B) Meniere's disease
- C) Acoustic Neuroma
- D) Facial Nerve Palsy
- 51) What are the available styles of hearing aid
- A) In-the-Canal
- B) Completely-in-the-Canal
- C) In-the-Ear
- D) All
- 52) Prolonged speech is characterized by which of the following?
- A) Elongated syllables, continuous vocalization, and reduced rate
- B) Prolonged breathing prior to speaking
- C) Use of finger tapping and a pacing board
- D) Passive expiration just prior to initiating phonation
- 53) Prevalence of hearing loss in India is
- A) 2-8%
- B) 6-16%

- C) 8-15%
- D) 5-15%
- 54) Loudness discomfort level is used in
- A) Sound recording of hearing aid
- B) Programming of hearing aid
- C) find discomfort zone in hearing aid
- D) Increase frequency in hearing aid
- 55) Speech audiometry is valuable for assessing
- A) Stigma
- B) Hearing Growth
- C) Speech Manner
- D) Social Disability
- 56) An irreversible impairment of hearing secondary to intense noise exposure is called
- A) Permanent threshold shift
- B) Conductive hypacusis
- C) Temporary threshold shift
- D) Anacusis
- 57) Narrowing of the external auditory canal is called
- A) Atresia
- B) Stenosis
- C) Otitis
- D) Otomycosis
- 58) Rinne's Test is used for
- A) Conductive deafness
- B) Sensorineural Deafness
- C) Negative Ear
- D) Mixed

- 59) The "eye blink response" from infants to loud sounds is called
- A) ABR
- B) COR
- C) Moro reflex
- D) APR
- 60) Flat Tympanogram accompanied by enlarged ear canal volume may be because of
- A) Perforation of tympanic membrane
- B) Adhesions of tympanic membrane
- C) Drum Eustachian tube block
- D) ASOM

Section 2 - General Knowledge and Aptitude

61) Which of the following organizations have sanctioned \$1.5 billion loan to support the Swachchh Bharat Mission (SBM)?

किस संगठन द्वारा स्वच्छ भारत अभियान के लिए 1.5 बिलियन डॉलर का ऋण स्वीकृत किया गया है

A) World Bank

वर्ल्ड बैंक

B) IMF

आई.एम.एफ

C) ADB

ए.डी.बी.

D) Japan Bank for International Cooperation

जापान बैक फॉर इंटरनेशनल कॉपरेशन

62) Name the fish used to it eat larva of mosquito under Malaria control program

मलेरिया नियंत्रण कार्यक्रम के अर्न्तगत मच्छरों के लार्वा को खाने के लिए कौनसी मछली का इस्तेमाल किया जाता है

A) Star fish

तारा मछली

B) Tuna

टूना

C) salmon

सालमन

D) Gambusia

गम्बुशिया

63) National Urban Health Mission was launched in

किस वर्ष में राष्ट्रीय शहरी स्वास्थ्य मिशन प्रारम्भ हुआ

A) 2013

B) 2014

C) 2015

D) 2016

64) Influenza A (H1N1) is also known as

इंफ्लूएंजा ए (एच 1 एन 1) को यह भी कहते है

A) Congo fever

कोंगो बुखार

B) Swine flu

स्वाईन फ्लू

C) Zika Virus Disease

जीका वायरस रोग

D) Bird Flu

बर्ड फ्लू

65) 108 ambulance caters to

108 एंबुलेन्स की सेवाएं हैं

A) Fire Emergency

आग आपातका

B) Police Emergency

पुलिस आपातकाल

C) Medical Emergency

चिकित्सा आपातकाल

D) All above

उपरोक्त सभी

66) Who is the New CEO of Google from 10th August 2015?

10 अगस्त 2015 से गुगल के नए सी.इ.ओ कौन है

A) Lary Page

लैरी पेज

B) Satya Nadella

सत्या नाडेला

C) Sunder Pichai

सुन्दर पिचई

D) Sergey Brin

सरगई ब्रिन

67) When is the first polio drop given

पहली पोलियो की खुराक कब दी जाती है

A) Soon after birth

जन्म के तूरन्त बाद

B) After 15 days of birth

जन्म के पद्रह दिन बाद

C) 7th day of birth

जन्म के सातवे दिन

D) 6 months of birth

जन्म से 6 महिने पर

68) After Normal delivery, a woman should stay at hospital for how may hour

सामान्य प्रसव के बाद महिला को कितने घंटो तक अस्पताल पर रूकना चाहिए

A) 24 hour

24 घण्टे

B) 36 hours

36 घण्टे

C) 48 hours

४८ घण्टे

D) 12 hours

12 घण्टे

69) Leprosy is known as

कुष्ट रोग को निम्न में से क्या कहते हैं

A) Parkinson's disease

पार्किनसन रोग

B) Hansen's disease

हेनसन रोग

C) Huntington's disease

हंटिंगटन रोग

D) Alzheimer's disease

अल्जाईमर रोग

70) In preventing and controlling the transmission of infections, the single most important technique is:

संक्रमण के फैलाव को रोकने व नियंत्रित करने हेतु एक मात्र महत्वपूर्ण तकनीक है

A) Hand hygiene

हाथों की स्वच्छता

B) Use of disposable gloves डिस्पोजेबल दस्तानों का इस्तेमाल

C) Use of mask मास्क का इस्तेमाल

D) Sterilization of equipment उपकरणों का विसंक्रमण

71) Who was the first chief minister of Rajasthan?

राजस्थान के प्रथम मुख्यमंत्री कौन थे

A) Hari Bhau Upadhyaya

हरिभाऊ उपाध्याय

B) Mohan Lal Sukhadia

मोहन लाल सुखाडिया

C) Pandit Hiralal Shastri

पंडित हीरालाल शास्त्री

D) Gokul Lal Asawa

गोकुल लाल असावा

72) Which among the following is a secondary level Institution of heath department

निम्न में से स्वास्थ्य विभाग का द्वितीय स्तरीय संस्थान कौनसा है

A) Primary Health Center

प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र

B) Sub Centre

उप स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र

C) District Hospital

जिला अस्पताल

D) Medical College

मैडिकल कॅालेज

73) A person having BMI of >25kg/m² is

एक व्यक्ति जिसका BMI >25kg/m² है

A) Overweight

अधिक वजनी

B) Under weight

कम वजनी

C) Under Obese

कम मोटा

D) Obese

मोटा

74) Full form of CHC

सी.एच.सी. का पूरा नाम है

A) Common health centre

कॉमन हैल्थ सैन्टर

B) Common health care

कॉमन हैल्थ केयर

C) Community health centre

कम्युनिटी हैल्थ सैन्टर

D) Community health care

कम्युनिटी हैल्थ केयर

75) What is the maximum monthly pension under Atal Pension Yojana?

अटल पेंशन योजना के अन्तर्गत अधिकतम मासिक पेंशन कितनी है

A) Rs 2000

रू 2000

B) Rs 3000

क्त 3000

C) Rs 4000

रू 4000

D) Rs 5000

रू 5000

76) Who can take a food sample under the PFA Act

खाद्य पदार्थ मिलावट रोकथाम अधिनियम के तहत किसके द्वारा खाद्य पदार्थ का सैम्पल लिया जाता है

A) Consumer

उपभोक्ता

B) Sanitary Inspector

सैनिटरी इंस्पैक्टर

C) Police inspector

पुलिस इंसपेक्टर

D) None of the above

उपरोक्त में से कोई नहीं

77) Which disease can be fatal in malnutrition

कौनसी बीमारी कुपोषण में जानलेवा हो सकती है

A) Tetanus

टिटनेस

B) Anemia

अनीमिया

C) Measles

खसरा

D) Polio

पोलियो

78) Which district of Rajasthan has been nicknamed "The Golden city"?

राजस्थान का कौनसा जिला ''स्वर्ण नगरी'' के नाम से प्रसिद्ध है

A) Jaisalmer

जैसलमेर

B) Jaipur

जयपुर

C) Bikaner

बीकानेर

D) Udaipur

उदयपुर

79) The *new* disease identified to be transmitted through the bite of an infected Aedes mosquito

संक्रमित एडिज मच्छर के काटने पर फैलने वाली नई बिमारी कौनसी है

A) Malaria

मलेरिया

B) Congo fever

कोंगो बुखार

C) H1N1

एच1 एन1

D) Zika Virus Disease

जीका वायरस बीमारी

80) Kalibangan a pre-historic site is located in which district of Rajasthan?

कालीबंगा' एक प्रागैतिहासिक स्थल राजस्थान के किस जिले में है

A) Jaisalmer

जैसलमेर

B) Hanumangarh

हनुमानगढ

C) Sri Ganganagar

श्रीगंगानगर

D) Bikaner

बीकानेर

81) The major cause of blindness is

अन्धता का मुख्य कारण है

A) Refractive error

दष्टि दोष

B) Glaucoma

ग्लूकोमा

C) Corneal blindness

कार्नियल अन्धता

D) Cataract

मोतियाबिंद

82) What is true about Desi Ghee scheme?

देशी घी योजना के बारे में सही कथन है

A) Scheme for BPL woman on first delivery

बी.पी.एल महिला के पहले प्रसव के लिए योजना

B) Scheme for BPL woman on all deliveries

बी.पी.एल महिला के सभी प्रसव के लिए योजना

C) Scheme for all woman on delivery of girl child

कन्या के जन्म पर सभी महिलाओं के लिए योजना

D) Scheme for all woman on institutional delivery

सभी महिलाओं को संस्थागत प्रसव के लिए योजना

83) Autoimmune disorders are usually associated with

स्व-प्रतिरक्षित विकार निम्न में से किससे संबंधित है

A) Migraine

माइग्रेन

B) Diabetes

मधुमेह

C) Rickets

रिकेट्स

D) Night Blindness

रतौंधी

84) Full form of MTC

एम.टी.सी का पूरा नाम

A) Maximum Treatment Corner

मैक्सिमम ट्रीटमेंट कार्नर

B) Malformation Treatment Centre

मैलफोरमेशन ट्रीटमेंट सेन्टर

C) Malnutrition Treatment Centre

मालन्यूट्रिशन ट्रीटमेंट सेन्टर

D) None of the Above

उपरोक्त में से कोई नहीं

85) Union government on 1 January 2015 has renamed Planning commission as?

1 जनवरी 2015 को केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा योजना आयोग का क्या नाम रखा

A) NITI Yojna

नीति योजना

B) NITI Sansad

नीति संसद

C) NITI Aayog

नीति आयोग

D) NITI Adhikaar

नीति अधिकार

86) Census is an exercise carried out in every

जनगणना कितने वर्षों में एक बार की जानी वाली गतिविधि है

A) 5 years

5 वर्ष

B) 10 years

10 वर्ष

C) 15 years

15 वर्ष

D) 20 years

20 वर्ष

87) Pink ribbon is associated with

पिंक रिबन किससे सम्बन्धित है।

A) Lung Cancer

फेफडे का कैंसर

B) Cervical Cancer

सर्वाइकल कैंसर

C) Breast Cancer

स्तन कैंसर

D) Bone Cancer

हडिडयो का कैंसर

88) Which of the following is Non communicable disease

निम्न में से कौनसी असंकामक रोग है

A) Blindness

अंधता

B) Measles

खसरा

C) AIDS

एड्स

D) TB

टीबी

89) The famous Dilwara temple is related with the

प्रसिद्ध दिलवारा मंदिर किस से सबंधित है

A) Buddhism

बौध धर्म

B) Jainism

जैन धर्म

C) Sikhism

सिख धर्म

D) Hinduism

हिन्दु धर्म

90) The winner of Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award 2015 is

वर्ष 2015 के राजीव गांधी खेल रतन पुरस्कार विजेता है

A) Saina Nehwal

सानिया नेहवाल

B) Virat Kohli

विराट कोहली

C) Sania Mirza

सानिया मिर्जा

D) MS Dhoni

एम. एस. धोनी

91) ASHA Sahyogini is an employee of which department

आशा सहयोगिनी किस विभाग की कर्मचारी है

A) Rural Development

ग्रामीण विकास

B) Health Department

स्वास्थ्य विभाग

C) Integrated Child Development Scheme

समेकित बाल विकास परियोजना

D) Pancayti Raj

पंचायती राज

92) At which age Measles vaccine is given to the baby

खसरे का टीका बच्चे को किस आयु में दिया जाता है

A) At the age of 6 months

छः महिने की आयु पर

B) At the age of 10 weeks

10 सप्ताह की आयु पर

C) Within 9-12 months of age

9-12 महिने की आयु के बीच

D) All above

उपरोक्त सभी

93) WHO recommend which of the following for management of diarrhea?

WHO दस्त रोग हेतु निम्न में से किसकी सलाह देता है

A) Electrolyte

इलेक्ट्रोलाइट

B) ORS +Zink

ओ.आर.एस + जिंक

C) Rice water

चावल का पानी

D) Sugar salted water

नमक चीनी का पानी

94) Recently the Bank of Rajasthan has been merged with

हाल ही में बैक ऑफ राजस्थान का विलय किस में हुआ है

A) H.D.F.C.

एच.डी.एफ.सी

B) ICICI

आई.सी.आई.सी.आई

C) State Bank of Bikaner and Jaipur

स्टेट बैंक ऑफ बीकानेर एण्ड जयपुर

D) State Bank of India

स्टेट बैंक ऑफ इंडिया

95) When was Janani Suraksha Yojana launched

जननी सुरक्षा योजना कब शुरू की गई थी

A) April 2005

अप्रेल 2005

B) June 2007

जून 2007

C) August 2009

अगस्त 2009

D) January 2002

जनवरी 2002

96) Breastfeeding starts with in

स्तनपान कब शुरू कर देना चाहिए

A) With in 1 hour of birth

जन्म के एक घण्टे के भीतर

B) Within 1-24 hour of birth

जन्म के 1-24 घण्टे के भीतर

C) After 24 hour of birth

जन्म के 24 घण्टे बाद

D) None of the Above

उपरोक्त में से कोई नही

97) What is coverage of NRHM?

एन.आर.एच.एम का कार्यक्षेत्र है

A) Entire country

सम्पूर्ण देश

B) 18 states

18 राज्य

C) BIMARU states

बिमारू राज्य

D) None of above

उपरोक्त में से कोई नही

98) How many doses of Pentavalent vaccine given to the baby

पेंटावेलेन्ट वैक्सीन की कितनी खुराक बच्चे को दी जाती है

A) One dose

एक खुराक

B) Four Dose

चार खुराक

C) Three Dose

तीन खुराक

D) Five Dose

पांच खुराक

99) World Population Day is celebrated on

विश्व जनसंख्या दिवस कब मनाया जाता है

A) July 11

जुलाई 11

B) March 8

मार्च 8

C) April 7

अप्रैल 7

D) December 15

दिसम्बर 15

100) CM&HO full form in medical department

स्वास्थ्य विभाग में सी.एम एण्ड एच. ओ का पूरा नाम है

A) Chief Mental & Health Officer

मुख्य मानसिक एवं स्वास्थ्य अधिकारी

B) Chief Medical & Health Officer

मुख्य चिकित्सा एवं स्वास्थ्य अधिकारी

C) Central Mental & Health Organization

केन्द्रीय मानसिक एवं स्वास्थ्य संगठन

D) Chief Medical & Health Organization

मुख्य चिकित्सा एवं स्वास्थ्य संगठन

Answer Key

- 1. A 31. A 61. A 91. C
- 2. C 32. D 62. D 92. C
- 3. B 33. B 63. A 93. B
- 4. B 34. D 64. B 94. B
- 5. D 35. A 65. D 95. A
- 6. C 36. A 66. C 96. A
- 7. C 37. A 67. A 97. A
- 8. A 38. A 68. C 98. C
- 9. C 39. C 69. B 99. A
- 10. C 40. A 70. A 100. B
- 11. C 41. A 71. C
- 12. D 42. B 72. C
- 13. D 43. D 73. D
- 14. A 44. B 74. C
- 15. C 45. B 75. D
- 16. A 46. A 76. D
- 17. B 47. D 77. C
- 18. D 48. A 78. A
- 19. B 49. B 79. D
- 20. A 50. B 80. B
- 21. B 51. D 81. D
- 22. A 52. A 82. A
- 23. A 53. B 83. B
- 24. D 54. B 84. C
- 25. B 55. D 85. C
- 20.2 00.2 00.0
- 26. A 56. A 86. B
- 27. D 57. B 87. C 28. C 58. A 88. A
- 29. B 59. D 89. B
- 30. C 60. A 90. C